

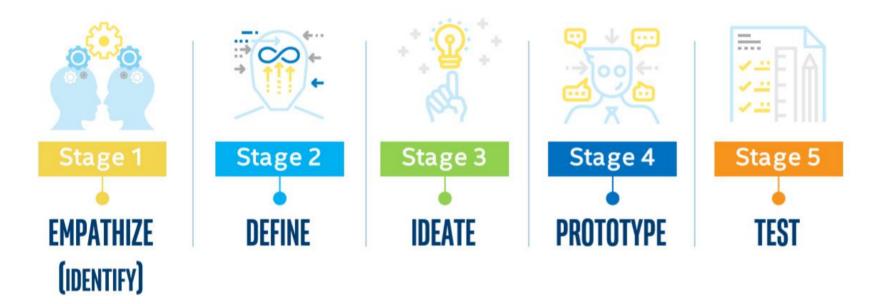




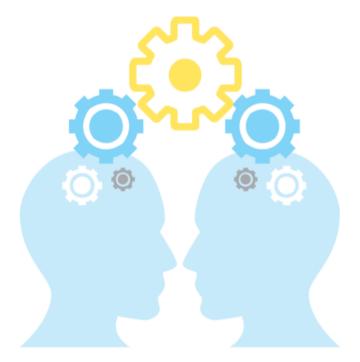
DESIGN THINKING DIFFERENT STAGES OF DESIGN THINKING



THE FIVE STAGES OF DESIGN THINKING







Stage 1

EMPATHIZE

WHAT IS EMPATHIZE?

WHY EMPATHIZE?

HOW TO EMPATHIZE



WHAT IS EMPATHIZE?

To identify or understand what others see, feel and experience.

Observe + Listen & Engage

In order to relate to the problems that others might be facing.

You have to understand a problem before you can solve it.





WHY EMPATHIZE?

Observing what people do and how they interact with their environment gives you clues about what they think and feel.

It also helps you learn about what they need.





HOW TO EMPATHIZE?

Observe

- View people and their behavior
- Notice any disconnect between what someone says and what they does

Engage

- Talk to people about their problems to help you relate to the issue.
- Always ask "Why?" to uncover deeper meaning

Watch and listen

- Have them physically go through the steps, and talk you through why they are doing what they do
- Ask them to vocalize what's going through in their mind

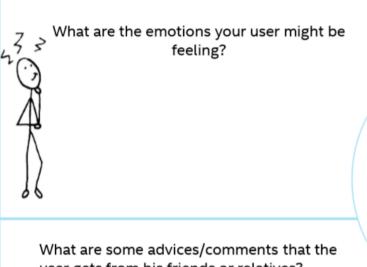


ACTIVITY: SCENARIO 1

Mr. Rao* is an old man who reaches home late in the evening after work. He stays in an apartment on the 1st floor. When he starts early in the morning, it is still dark and he finds it difficult to go down the stairs to reach the gate. By the time, he reaches home after his work, its usually dark again and climbing up to reach his apartment on the first floor is again a challenging task for him. Is there some way in which we can help Mr. Rao?



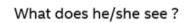




What does He/She say or do?



user gets from his friends or relatives?

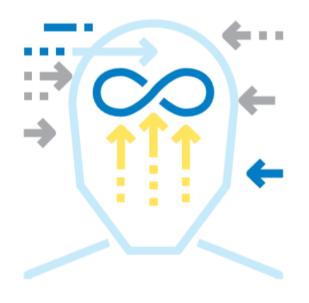


Empathy Map









Stage 2

DEFINE

WHAT IS DEFINE?

WHY DEFINE?

HOW TO DEFINE



WHAT IS DEFINE?

Analyze and create your observation of the user from the 'Empathize stage'



Define to craft a meaningful and actionable problem statement



WHY DEFINE?

The Define stage is critical to the design process because it results in your point-of-view (POV), the explicit expression of the problem you are striving to address





HOW TO DEFINE?



Develop an understanding of the type of person you are designing for – your Audience.



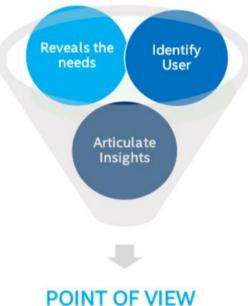
Reveal Needs

Create and select a limited set of NEEDS that you think are important to fulfill



Articulate Insights

Work to express INSIGHTS you developed through the information gathered through empathy and research work





ACTIVITY: CREATE A POV STATEMENT

Audience Need Statements

"I am seven-years-old and I hate doing homework because it takes me forever to finish."

I am a college student and I hate folding laundry because I can't seem to fold it the right way.

I am the mother of five-year-old twins who hate vegetables of all kinds. I am worried about their nutritional needs.

POV Statement

How can we create a way for this student to do his or her homework more efficiently?

How can we create a tool to help the college student fold laundry?

How can we help the mother succeed in getting her children to eat vegetables?



ACTIVITY: SCENARIO 1 CONTINUED

Mr. Rao is an old man who reaches home late in the evening after work. He stays in an apartment on the 1st floor. When he starts early in the morning, it is still dark and he finds it difficult to go down the stairs to reach the gate. By the time, he reaches home after his work, its usually dark again and climbing up to reach his apartment on the first floor is again a challenging task for him. Is there some way in which we can help Mr. Rao?







List the main facts, data and background information of relevance here.

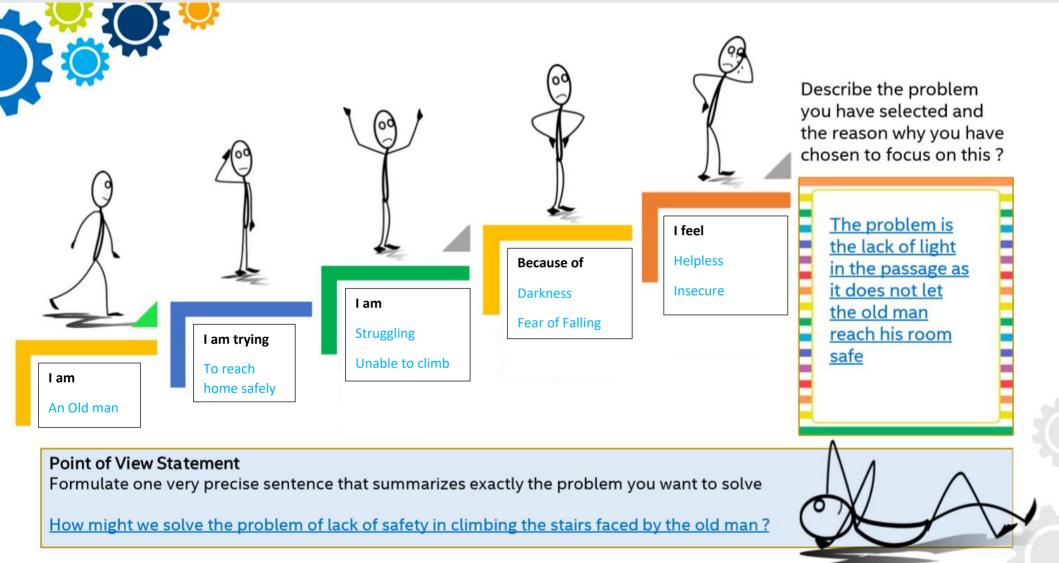
- 1. Old Man
- 2. Steep staircase
- 3. First floor residence
- 4. Difficulty in climbing
- 5. No way to see properly in the dark
- 6. No light
- 7. Need to be careful
- 8. Old man's helplessness
- 9. Old man's fear of injury
- 10. Remote village
- 11. Poor infrastructure
- 12. Building was not well planned



Write down all the problems you can think in the boxes provided?











Stage 3

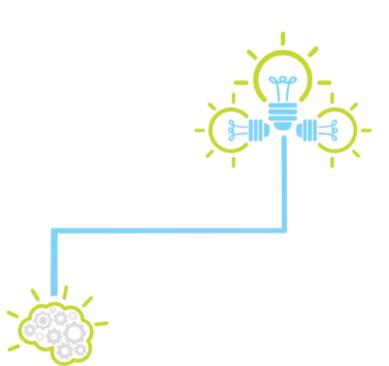
IDEATE

- WHAT IS IDEATE?
- **WHY IDEATE?**
- HOW TO IDEATE



WHAT IS IDEATE?

The third stage of the design process in which you concentrate on idea generation





WHY IDEATE?

To step beyond obvious solutions

To connect the collective perspectives

To uncover unexpected areas of exploration

To create easy and flexible innovation options





HOW TO IDEATE?





ACTIVITY: SCENARIO 1 CONTINUED

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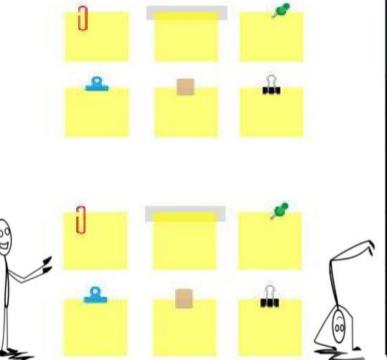




Generate as many ideas as possible to serve these identified designed needs



Arriving at the right design



Ideas Generated	Novelty	Ease of use	Ease of design	Durability	Feasibility
Match Box	✓	✓	✓	X	✓
Torch	✓	✓	✓	×	Х
Come Home Early	~	~	X	~	Х
Lift	Х	Х	X	✓	Х
Change Home	Х	X	Х	Х	Х
2 Way Switch	~	√	V	~	√





Stage 4

PROTOTYPE

WHAT IS PROTOTYPE?

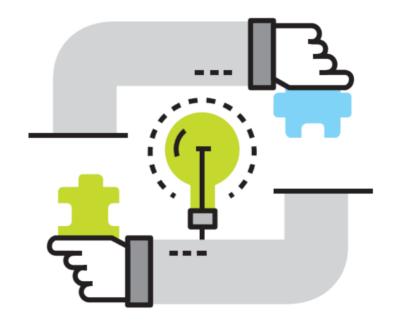
WHY PROTOTYPE?

HOW TO PROTOTYPE



WHAT IS PROTOTYPE?

Prototyping is a rough and quick portion of the design process





WHY PROTOTYPE?

- 1. To test possibilities
- 2. To fail quickly and cheaply
- 3. To break a large problem down into smaller, testable chunks





HOW TO PROTOTYPE?



Build with the user in mind



Identify what's being tested



Don't spend too long



Start building



ACTIVITY: SCENARIO 1 CONTINUED

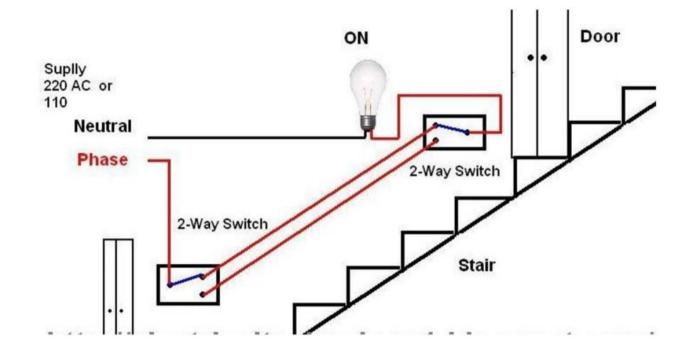
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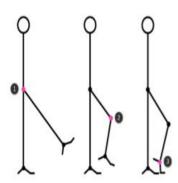






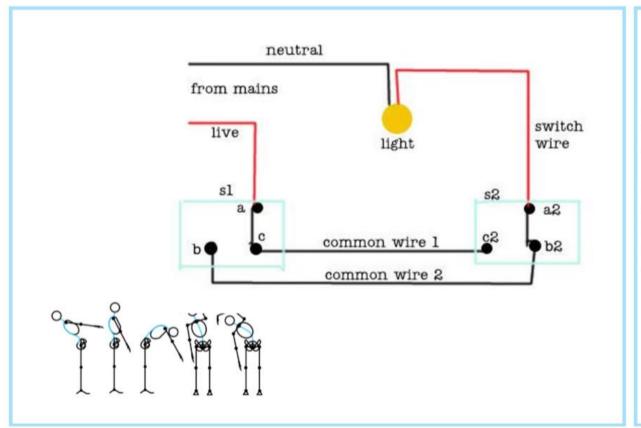
ABSTRACT - Rough Sketch of the Prototype

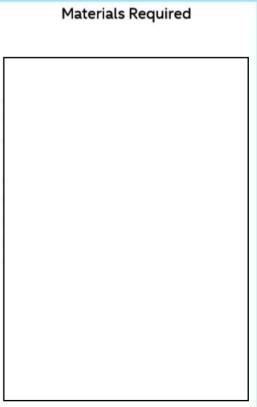






CONCRETE - Detailed Sketch of the Prototype









Stage 5

TEST

WHAT IS TEST?

WHY TEST?

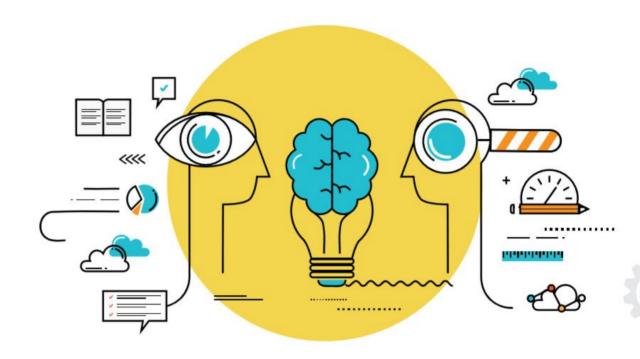
HOW TO TEST





WHAT IS TEST?

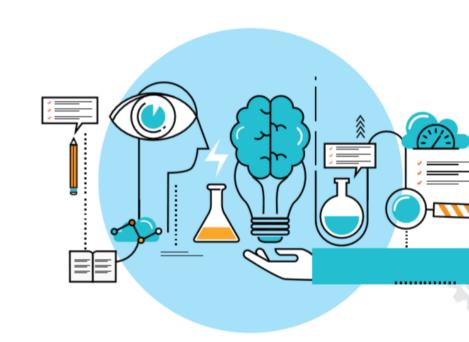
Solicit feedback, about the prototypes you have created from your audience.





WHY TEST?

- 1. To refine prototypes and solutions
- 2. Informs the next iterations of prototypes
- 3. To refine your POV (Point of View)
- 4. Yields unexpected insights





HOW TO TEST?













ACTIVITY: SCENARIO 1 CONTINUED

Mr. Rao is an old man who reaches home late in the evening after work. He stays in an apartment on the 1st floor. When he starts early in the morning, it is still dark and he finds it difficult to go down the stairs to reach the gate. By the time, he reaches home after his work, its usually dark again and climbing up to reach his apartment on the first floor is again a challenging task for him. Is there some way in which we can help Mr. Rao?







TESTING QUESTIONS

Sl.No	User Testing Questions	Remarks
1.	What do you like and dislike about this product?	What I like is that it provides light
2.	What do you think this product should do?	It should work at all times
3.	What could be done to make you want to use this product more?	I would like to have it all automated i.e it should switch on if somebody comes near the stairs.
4.	What do you think of the way this product looks (the aesthetics)?	I think the look of the switch is boring.
5.	Is this product efficient, safe, and comfortable to use? If not, how could it be improved to make it more ergonomic?	Yes, it is comfortable to use. Can it be made more beautiful?
6.	What do you see as some problems with this product?	7
7.	What can be done to solve these problems?	



TESTING OBSERVATIONS

Observations

- 1. What does the user do with this product?
- 2. What are the user's perceptions of the product?
- 3. How successful or unsuccessful does the user think the product is?
- 4. How does it meet or fail to meet the user's needs?
- 5. How safe is the product?







THANK YOU